

Công ty Cổ phần chứng khoán Ngân hàng Đầu tư và Phát triển Việt Nam

SECTOR REPORT 2021: OIL AND GAS OUTLOOK





Contents

| I. OVERVIEW | 3 |
|--|------------------------------|
| II. OVERVIEW OF GLOBAL OIL AND GAS MARKET | 4 |
| 2.1. Oil Demand – Improve | 4 |
| 2.2. Oil supply – Tighten | 6 |
| 2.3. Oil reserves – Declining | 7 |
| 2.4. Oil price outlook 2021 – Recovers to \$57/barrel | 8 |
| III. OVERVIEW OF VIETNAM OIL AND GAS MARKET | 9 |
| 3.1. The value chain of Vietnam's oil and gas industry – prospec | ct of oil price recovery9 |
| 3.2. Upstream mining in Vietnam | 10 |
| 3.3. Downstream demand in Vietnam | 12 |
| 3.4. Imported LNG as long-term addition energy | 13 |
| IV. INVESTMENT OUTLOOK – OUTPERFORM | 15 |
| Update 2020 business results – 2021 prospects of oil and gas com | panies16 |
| APPENDIX | 25 |
| Disclaimer | Error! Bookmark not defined. |



I. OVERVIEW

About the world oil and gas market:

- The prospect of oil demand in 2021 improves thanks to the expectation of economic recovery.
- Supply is expected to be tighten due to (1) OPEC group increasing production cuts in the first 4 months of 2021 and (2) the slow recovery of US oil production.
- World oil inventories are expected to continue to decline in 1Q2021 due to improved consumption demand and tight supply, then will remain stable when production output increases again.
- Based on the average forecast value of various institutions, BSC uses the average price of Brent oil in 2021 at USD 57/barrel (+36% yoy) as the base scenario for the forecast (compared to the old price of 45 USD/barrel).

Regarding the domestic oil and gas market:

- The production of crude oil and natural gas decreased due to the depletion of long-standing fields.
- Demand for petroleum, liquefied petroleum gas and natural gas is expected to increase (at 3%/year, 10.5%/year and 14% respectively) in the coming period.
- Imported LNG will be an important additional source to alleviate long-term energy supply-demand problem.

BSC recommends **OUTPERFORM** for the Oil and Gas industry in 2021 and recommends **BUY** stocks of **GAS, PVD, PVS** because:

- The average Brent oil price in 2021 is forecasted to increase to \$57/barrel (+36% yoy), improving the business outlook and valuation of oil and gas companies.
- The prospect of economic recovery improves the demand for petroleum and gas for production, business and transportation activities.
- The shortage of oil and gas in the country promotes the need for investment in projects of exploration of new fields.

| Stock | Revenue 2021 (bil. VND) | % yoy | NPAT 2021 (bil. VND) | % yoy | EPS 2021 (VND /share) | P/E fw | P/B fw | Price on 26/2/2021 | Price target | Upside |
|-------|--------------------------------|-------|--------------------------|----------|---------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------|
| GAS | 77.1 4 5 | 20% | 11, 7 1 8 | 50% | 6.122 | 14.6 | 3.1 | 89,300 | 110,200 | 23.4% |
| PVD | 5.034 | -4% | 212 | 17% | 325 | 47.6 | 0.7 | 23,400 | 29,550 | 26.3% |
| PVS | 19,550 | -2% | 950 | 29% | 1,738 | 12.9 | 1.1 | 22,500 | 26,070 | 15.9% |
| PET | 17.875 | 28% | 174 | 28% | 2.007 | 8.8 | 1.0 | 16,550 | 21,170 | 27.9% |
| PLC | 6,890 | 23% | 212 | 43% | 2,628 | 10.7 | 1.5 | 26,800 | 31,500 | 17.5% |
| DPM | 9,846 | 27% | 865 | 25% | 1,924 | 9.8 | 1.0 | 16,850 | 23.030 | 36.7% |
| DCM | 9,591 | 27% | 844 | 27% | 1.298 | 12.7 | 1.4 | 13,500 | 18,790 | 39.2% |



II. OVERVIEW OF THE GLOBAL OIL AND GAS MARKET

2.1.GLOBAL Oil Demand - Improving

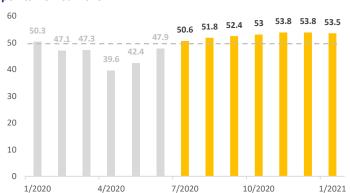
Global economic outlook improves thanks to numerous supportive policies and Covid-19 vaccine

Global real GDP growth improved to -1.4% yoy in Q4/2020 (from -10% yoy in Q2/2020), showing that the world economy has taken the first steps of recovery from the impact of Covid-19 pandemic. Along with that, the world manufacturing PMI has surpassed 50 points since July 2020, thereby reflecting the general recovery of the worldwide economy.

Figure 1. World real GDP growth improves in 2H2020



Figure 2. World Manufacturing PMI keep above 50 points from Jul 2020



Source: Bloomberg, CEIC, BSC Research

Global economic recovery have been facilitated by many supportive policies. According to *the International Monetary Fund (IMF)*, large support packages will be disbursed gradually in the period of 2021 - 2022, thereby continuing to support the world economy.

Table 1. Some support policy packages in the world

| Time | Stimulus package value | Target |
|---------------|---|---|
| March 2020 | 2,000 billion USD | Support households, businesses, state and local governments. |
| December 2020 | 900 billion USD | Unemployment benefits. |
| March 2021 | \$1.9 trillion | Unemployment benefits, tax support, vaccine distribution. |
| March 2020 | \$91 billion | Reduce taxes, protect jobs. |
| July 2020 | \$38 billion | Protect jobs, encourage green investment. |
| July 2020 | 857 billion USD | Supporting businesses, reforming the economy. |
| December 2020 | 2.2 trillion USD | Green investment and long-term digital transformation. |
| April 2020 | 1,100 billion USD | Protect jobs, support the health system. |
| December 2020 | 384 billion USD | Promote green investment and digitization. |
| March 2020 | 14 billion USD | Support the health care system, child care system and small and medium enterprises. |
| April 2020 | 69 billion USD | Protecting jobs, supporting micro and small businesses, and self- employed people. |
| June 2020 | 30 billion USD | Protect jobs, develop a Covid-19 vaccine, support to reduce prices of goods that promote consumption. |
| | March 2020 December 2020 March 2021 March 2020 July 2020 July 2020 December 2020 April 2020 December 2020 March 2020 April 2020 | Value March 2020 2,000 billion USD December 2020 900 billion USD March 2021 \$1.9 trillion March 2020 \$91 billion July 2020 \$38 billion July 2020 857 billion USD December 2020 2.2 trillion USD April 2020 1,100 billion USD March 2020 14 billion USD April 2020 69 billion USD |

Source: BSC Research



In addition, we assess that the Covid-19 vaccine will help control the disease from 2021. Currently, more than 176 million doses of the vaccine have been distributed in 78 countries. Experts expect the vaccine to be widely distributed in advanced countries and a few developing countries from the first half of 2021, and will have global coverage by the end of 2022.

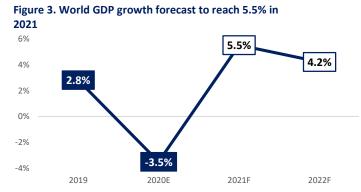
Table 2. 06 approved vaccines for widespread use

| Vaccine (manufacturer) | Approved for wide use | Approved for emergency use |
|------------------------|---|----------------------------|
| Pfizer - BioNTech | New Zealand, Bahrain, Saudi Arabia, Switzerland | 30 countries/regions, WHO |
| Moderna | Switzerland | 10 countries/regions |
| Sinopharm (Beijing) | Bahrain, China, Arabia | 7 countries/regions |
| Sinovac Biotech | China | 8 countries/regions |
| CanSino Biologics | China | Mexico, Pakistan |
| Sinopharm (Wuhan) | China | Arabic |

Source: The New York Times, BSC Research

With the epidemic under control, production and business activities are expected to recover.

In early 2021, the IMF revised up its forecast for global GDP growth in 2021 to 5.5% (up 0.3% from the previous forecast) , reflecting expectations of strengthening economic activity thanks to supportive policies and Covid-19 vaccine.

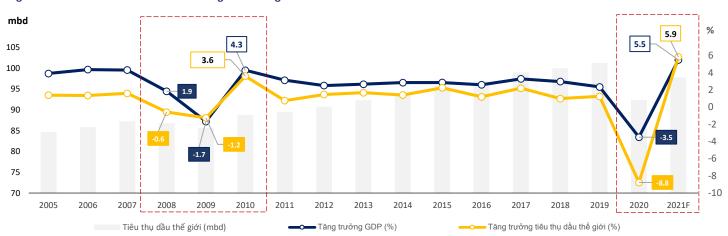


Source: IMF, BSC Research

Oil demand recovers along with world economy

Oil demand is closely tied to production and transportation activities, and therefore depends largely on the outlook for the world economy. During the 2008-2009 recession, global GDP growth and total world oil consumption declined for two consecutive years, then rebounded in 2010. Similar to 2010, we is expected that oil demand in 2021 will also improve when global GDP growth increases to 5.5%/year from -3.5%/year in 2020.

Figure 4. Oil demand recovers in line with global GDP growth



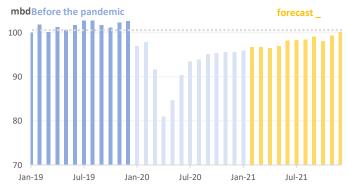
Source: Bloomberg, BSC Research



The US Energy Information Administration (EIA) forecasts that world oil consumption will gradually increase in 2021 and reach the pre-pandemic threshold of 100 million barrels per day (mbd) by year-end.

Average oil consumption in 2021 is forecasted to reach 97.7 mbd - 6% higher than 2020 and 3.5% lower than 2019.

Figure 5. World oil consumption forecast to recover to pre-pandemic levels by the end of 2021



Source: EIA, BSC Research

2.2.Global oil supply – Tighten

OPEC countries increase production cuts

The group of major oil exporters OPEC produces about 40% of the world's oil production and holds about 75% of the total oil reserves. In the latest meeting on March 4, 2021, **the OPEC group decided to continue to increase production cuts until the end of April 2021**. This will limit the world's total oil supply, reducing inventories, and putting upward pressure on oil prices.

Figure 6. OPEC strengthens production cuts

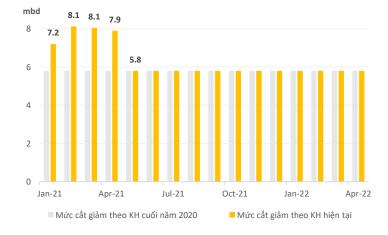
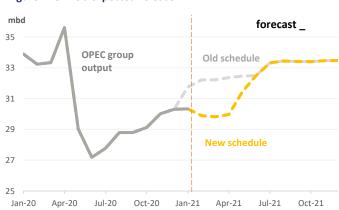


Figure 7. OPEC's expected release



Source: EIA, BSC Research

US oil production slows down

The United States is the leading oil producer, providing about 20% of the world's oil production. According to EIA, the number of active drilling rigs in the US recovers slowly in the late 2020 - early 2021 period, equal to only 43% of the preepidemic level due to (1) the impact of the Covid-19 epidemic, (2) the impact of the blizzard on the oil extraction area in Texas, and (3) the number of old rigs that have ceased operation is higher than in previous years.

By January 2021, the total US mining production was only 11 mbd, 14% lower than pre-epidemic levels, and is forecast to be almost unchanged in 2021 due to slow start-up of new rigs, only enough to compensate for the output of old rigs that have stopped working.



Figure 8. US rig count recovers slowly

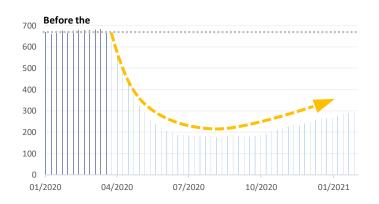
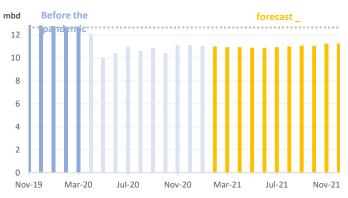


Figure 9. US oil production forecast to stay below prepandemic levels in 2021

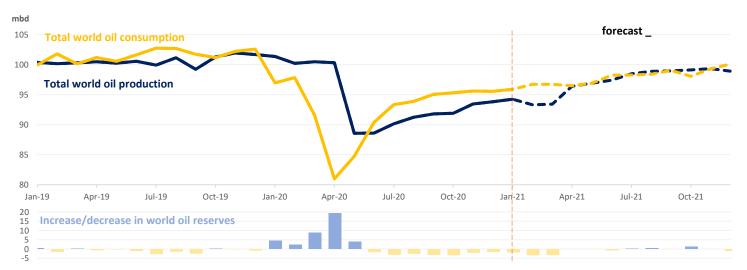


Source: EIA, Bloomberg, BSC Research

2.3. Global oil reserves – Declining

According to the EIA, world oil inventories are expected to continue to decline in Q1/2021 due to improved consumption demand and tight supply, and will remain stable from Q2/2021 after oil producers increase production, catching up with world demand.

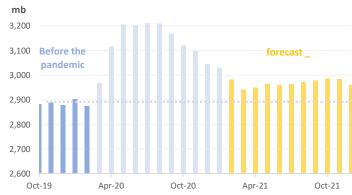
Figure 10. World oil inventories are expected to continue to decline in Q1/2021, then stabilize



As of January 2021, OECD country oil stocks (accounting for 85% of world oil inventories) have fallen to 3,030 million barrels (mb) – down 180 mb from the July high.

EIA forecasts that oil inventories of these countries will continue to decrease in Q1/2021, then remain stable in the range of 2,950 - 2,980 mb until the end of the year (100 mb higher than the pre-epidemic level).

Figure 11. OECD oil inventories are expected to remain stable above pre-epidemic levels in 2021



Source: EIA, Bloomberg, BSC Research



2.4.Oil price outlook 2021 – Recovers to 57 USD/barrel

After 5 months of moving sideways in the region of 40-45 USD/barrel, **Brent oil price has increased for five consecutive months since November 2020 and surpassed 65 USD/barrel** with the prospect of recovering demand and tight oil supply .

Major organizations and institutions in the world have also adjusted their forecast for the average Brent oil price in 2021 to an average of 57 USD/barrel (Details refer to the Appendix). BSC assesses that the oil price of 57 USD/barrel is suitable to serve as the base scenario for the 2021 forecast (compared to the old baseline scenario of 45 USD/barrel).

Figure 13. Oil price forecast in

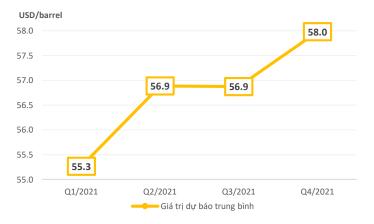


Figure 12. Brent oil price movements

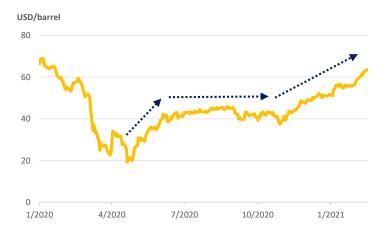
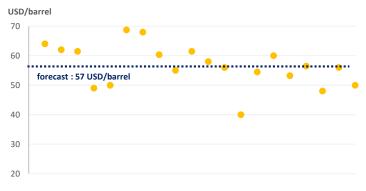


Figure 14. Oil price forecast distribution in 2021



Source: Bloomberg, BSC Research



III. OVERVIEW OF VIETNAM OIL AND GAS MARKET

3.1. Value chain of Vietnam's oil and gas industry – Prospect of oil price recovery

The oil and gas value chain consists of three main stages: (1) Upstream (exploration and extraction), (2) Midstream (natural gas processing and petrochemicals transportation), and (3) Downstream (refinery, distribution of petroleum and low pressure gas) (See Appendix 3 for background information on stocks in the industry).

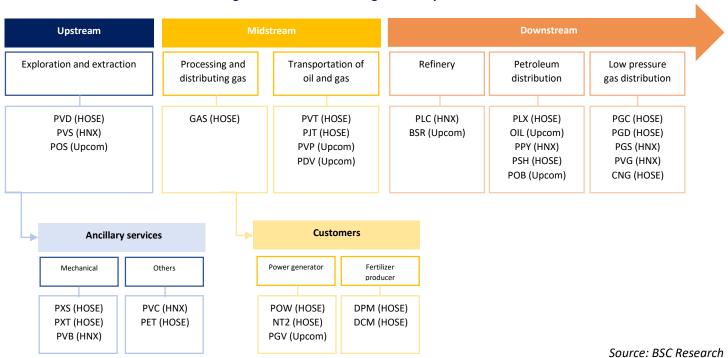


Figure 15. Vietnam oil and gas industry value chain

BSC assesses the impact of the base oil price in 2021 revalued from 45 USD/barrel to 57 USD/barrel on the stages of the value chain as follows:

Table 3. Impact of oil price recovery on oil and gas value chain stages

| Value stitch | Share | Affect | Note |
|--|---|--------------------------|--|
| Exploration, exploitation | PVD (HOSE) PVS (HNX) POS (Upcom) | Positive | The recovery in oil prices improves (1) exploration and production demand and (2) business prospects and affordability of field owners/operators. |
| Processing and distributing natural gas | GAS (HOSE) | Positive | The selling price of gas depends directly on the price of oil. |
| Transportation of petroleum, oil and gas | PVT (HOSE) PJT (HOSE) PVP (Upcom) PDV (Upcom) | Positive | Rising oil prices improve demand for oil and gas exploration and transportation. |
| Oil refining, petrochemical | PLC (HNX) BSR (Upcom) | Mixed | The specific effect depends on the difference in the growth rate of (1) the selling price of the output inoculants and (2) the price of the input materials (crude oil, inoculants). |
| Distribution of petrol | PLX (HOSE) OIL (Upcom) PPY (HNX) | Positive (short term) | The increase in gasoline price along with the oil price will help improve the profit margin of enterprises in the short term thanks to the increased selling price while the inventory price is low. |



| I OW procelled and | | PSH (HOSE) | | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------------------|----------|---|
| Low pressure gas distribution PGD (HOSE) PGS (HNX) PVG (HNX) PVG (HNX) POSITIVE (Short-term) Positive (Short-term) Low pressure gas prices benefiting from the increase in oil prices will he improve the profit margin of enterprises in the short term thanks to increased selling price while the inventory price is low. | | POB (Upcom) | | |
| | , , | PGD (HOSE) PGS (HNX) PVG (HNX) | | Low pressure gas prices benefiting from the increase in oil prices will help improve the profit margin of enterprises in the short term thanks to the increased selling price while the inventory price is low. |
| | Ancillary services | PXT (HOSE) PVB (HNX) PVC (HNX) | Positive | The demand for improved exploration and exploitation creates many job opportunities for enterprises in mechanical services, chemicals, and auxiliary equipment. |
| Electrification POW (HOSE) NT2 (HOSE) Negative Input gas prices increase with oil prices. | Electrification | | Negative | Input gas prices increase with oil prices. |
| Protein gas DPM (HOSE) DCM (HOSE) Negative Input gas prices increase with oil prices. | Protein gas | , , | Negative | Input gas prices increase with oil prices. |

3.2. Upstream extraction in Vietnam

Crude oil and natural gas production declines

Crude oil output decreased by 10%/year on average in the period 2015 - 2020 due to (1) decline in output of long-term oil fields (such as fields in Cuu Long basin - accounting for about 80% of total output), and (2) activities of exploration, extraction and development of mines encountered many difficulties and obstacles in terms of agreements and capital sources. During the same period, imported crude oil output increased by 156%/year on average.

Figure 16. Crude oil production decreased by 10%/year on average

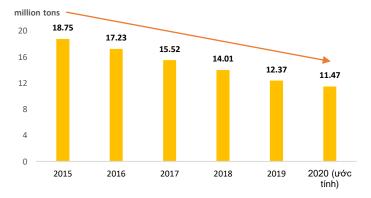
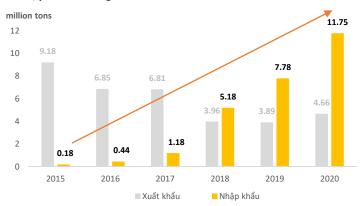


Figure 17. Crude oil import volume increased by 156%/year on average



Source: Ministry of Industry and Trade, BSC Research

Gas output from fields in the Southeast region decreases by 5% - 20%/year, especially large fields that have been exploited for more than 10 years (such as Bach Ho field, Lan Tay - Lan Do field cluster). These gas fields' output are forecasted to continue to decline on average 10% - 20%/year in the future in accordance with natural extraction cycle.



Figure 18. Proportion of exploitation output of gas tanks

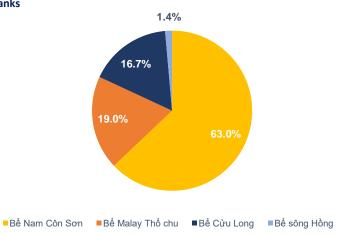
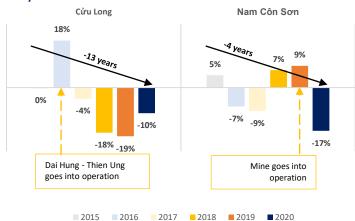


Figure 19. Output of large gas basins decreases over the years



Source: PV GAS, BSC Research

Update on the situation of developing gas fields

Table 4. Information on ongoing gas field development projects

| Project | Expected output | Expected life cycle | Estimated total investment | Expected exploitation | Progress | Note |
|--|---|------------------------|----------------------------------|--|---|---|
| Sao Vang - Dai Nguyet (Lot 05-1) | 16 billion m3 of gas (1.5 billion m3/year) | 20 years | | SV-CPP: 11/2020 DN-WHP: Q3/2022 | - Completed Sao Vang-CPP (SV-CPP) central processing rig, receiving the first gas flow from 11/2021 - Dai Nguyet WHP rig project (DN-WHP) reached 65.54% of progress. | |
| White Lion phase 2 (Plot 15-1) | 24 billion m3 of gas (1.5 billion m3/year) | 15 - 20 years | 2 billion USD | Q4/2023 | - Approved the outline plan for mine development (OPD) in December 2019 Expected to be approved Feasibility Study Report (FS) in Q1/2021 | |
| Lot B - O Mon | 176 billion m3 of gas (5-7 billion m3 /year) | 20 years | 8.1 billion USD | September 2024 (FID condition no later than March 2021) | completing the negotiation of the project's commercial agreements. - The project is waiting for final | - The project has been delayed by 3 years compared to the original schedule due to problems in the investment approval stage of O Mon 3 Power Plant (main customer of Lot B) |
| Blue Whale (Plot 118) | 150 billion m3 of gas | 25 years | 10 billion USD | Jun 2024 | - The project is waiting for approval of the field development report (FDP) and project implementation plan (EPC) after the investment decision (FID) PVN and Exxon Mobil are negotiating a gas sale agreement. | - Exxon Mobil estimated a loss of \$22 billion in 2020, decided to further reduce investment costs (CAPEX) by 11% in 2021, increasing the risk that the Blue Whale project will continue to be behind schedule. |

Source: BSC Research

3.3. Downstream consumption demand in Vietnam

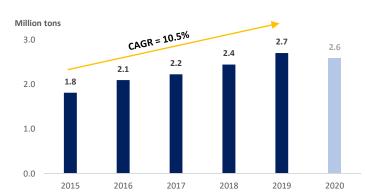
<u>Domestic demand for gasoline and liquefied petroleum gas (LNG) increases by an average of 3%/year and 10.5%/year, respectively, under stable economic conditions.</u>

According to data from the Ministry of Industry and Trade, Vietnam's domestic petroleum consumption output grew at an average of 3% per year in the period 2015 - 2019. Along with that, consumption of liquefied natural gas also grew by an average of 10.5% per year during this period.

Figure 20. Gasoline consumption volume increased by 3%/year in the period 2015 - 2019



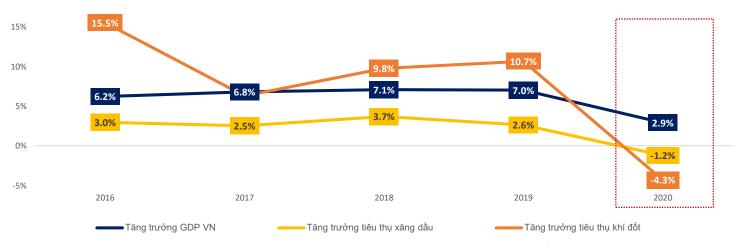
Figure 21. Liquid gas consumption volume increased by 10.5%/year in the period 2015 - 2019



Source: Ministry of Industry and Trade, BSC Research

In 2020, the Covid-19 epidemic negatively impacted the Vietnamese economy, limiting production, business activities and transportation. This has caused Vietnam's GDP growth in 2020 to drop to 2.9%/year (compared to 7%/year in the previous 3 years) and demand for petrol and gas to decrease by 1.2% and 4.3% compared to 2019.

Figure 22. Along with the national economy, gasoline and gas consumption demand is affected by the Covid-19 epidemic in 2020



Source: Ministry of Industry and Trade, BSC Research

We expect that from 2021, petroleum and gas consumption will return to a stable growth rate (3%/year and 10.5%/year respectively) thanks to the control of the epidemic and the domestic economy recovery.



Demand for natural gas for power generation is forecasted to increase by 14% per year on average in the period 2021-2030

Gas power plants are the main consumers of natural gas (about 80% of total production). According to the draft *Power Development Plan 8 (PDP 8)*, the total installed capacity is forecasted to reach 138,000 MW in 2030, 2.3 times higher than 2020. In which, the contribution of gas-fired power will increase from 12% (in 2020) to 19% (in 2030). Therefore, the demand for natural gas consumption for power generation is forecasted to increase by 14%/year on average during this period (For details, refer to the Industry Outlook Report).

Figure 23. Total installed capacity under PDP 8

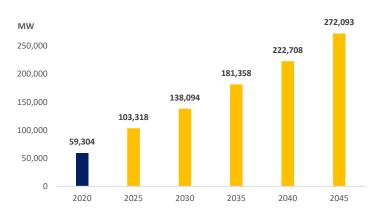
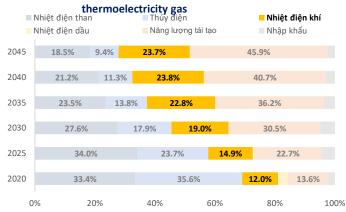


Figure 24. Orientation to increase the proportion of



Source: Draft PDP 8, BSC Research

3.4.Imported LNG as long-term addition energy

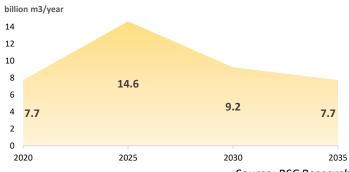
Output of gas fields in the Southeast region is declining, and shortages have begun to appear. On the other hand, large plots of mines under development are only expected to be sufficient for a number of planned power plants, specifically:

- The Block B gas field in the Southwest is only enough to supply O Mon Power Center (3,800 MW) from 2024.
- Blue Whale gas field is only enough to supply 5 planned plants in Dung Quat and Chu Lai (5x750 MW) from 2024

Meanwhile, according to the draft PDP 8, about 19,000 MW of gas power is expected to be added to the plan in the period 2021 - 2030. Gas demand for power production is forecasted to increase by 14%/year on average during the period. this.

According to the gas supply plan for electricity production, by 2030, Vietnam will be short of 5.4 billion m3 of gas per year due to the depletion of long-term gas fields.

Figure 25. Total gas supply for power generation is expected to decline after 2025



Source: BSC Research

Therefore, we assess that imported LNG will be an important additional source in the long-term to address the problem of energy supply and demand. In the period of 2021 - 2030, the proportion of imported LNG in the structure of power generation is expected to gradually increase from 0% to 8.5%.



According to the Vietnam Gas Industry Development Plan to 2025, with a vision to 2035, **07 LNG terminals have been planned to 2035 with a total capacity of more than 26 million tons/year**.

Table 5. Development plan of LNG terminals up to 2035

| 2016 - 20 | 2016 - 2025 period | | | | | | | |
|-----------|---|----------------|------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| TT | Project | Operation time | Capacity (million tons/year) | | | | | |
| first | LNG Thi Vai Warehouse | 2022 - 2025 | 1 - 3 | | | | | |
| 2 | Son My LNG Warehouse (Binh Thuan) Phase | 2023 - 2025 | 1 - 3 | | | | | |
| | 1 | | | | | | | |
| 3 | Southwest LNG warehouse (Ca Mau) Phase1 | 2022 - 2025 | 1 | | | | | |
| 4 | Southeast LNG warehouse | 2022 - 2025 | 4-6 | | | | | |
| Period 20 |)26 - 2035 | | | | | | | |
| TT | Project | Operation time | Capacity (million tons/year) | | | | | |
| first | Southwest LNG warehouse (Ca Mau) Phase | 2026 - 2030 | 2 | | | | | |
| | 2 | | | | | | | |
| 2 | Floating LNG warehouse (FSRU) Thai Binh | 2026 - 2030 | 0.2 - 0.5 | | | | | |
| 3 | Son My LNG Warehouse (Binh Thuan) Phase | 2027 - 2030 | 3 | | | | | |
| | 2 | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Son My LNG Warehouse (Binh Thuan) Phase | 2031 - 2035 | 3 | | | | | |
| | 3 | | | | | | | |
| 5 | Northern LNG warehouse (Hai Phong) | 2030 - 2035 | 1 - 3 | | | | | |
| 6 | Khanh Hoa LNG warehouse | 2030 - 2035 | 3 | | | | | |

Source: BSC Research

Currently, there are 02 LNG terminal projects being implemented according to the planning, specifically:

Table 6. Information about 02 LNG terminals being deployed

| Project | total investment | Expected capacity | Location | Expected completion | Customer |
|----------------------------|------------------|--|---|---------------------|--------------------------------|
| LNG Thi Vai | \$286 million | Phase 1: 1 million | Cai Mep | Phase 1: Q3/2022 | Nhon Trach 3 & 4 Power |
| Warehouse | (Phase 1) | tons/year Phase 2: 3 million tons/year | Industrial Park, Phu My Town, Ba Ria Vung Tau Province | Phase 2: Q4/2023 | Plants and other consumers |
| Son My LNG Warehouse | 1.3 billion USD | 3.6 million tons/year | Son My Industrial Park, Binh Thuan Province | Q4/2023 | Son My 1 & 2 . Power Plants |

Source: BSC Research



IV. INVESTMENT OUTLOOK – OUTPERFORM

BSC recommends **OUTPERFORM** for the Oil and Gas industry in 2021 due to:

- The average Brent oil price in 2021 is expected to recover to \$57/barrel (+36% yoy), improving the business outlook and valuation of oil and gas companies.
- The prospect of economic recovery improves the demand for petroleum and gas for production, business and transportation activities.
- The shortage of oil and gas in the country promotes the need for investment in projects of exploration, production, and development of new fields.

We recommend BUY stocks of GAS, PVS, PVD as these are companies that benefit the most from the prosperity of:

- World oil price
- Outlook for energy and fuel demand for production and business
- Demand for oil and gas exploration and production in the country and in the region.

| Stock | Revenue 2021 (bil. VND) | % yoy | NPAT 2021 (biil. VND) | % yoy | EPS 2021 (VND /share) | P/E fw | P/B fw | Price on 26/2/2021 | Price target | Upside |
|-------|--------------------------------|-------|---------------------------|----------|-----------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------|
| GAS | 77.1 4 5 | 20% | 11, 7 1 8 | 50% | 6.122 | 14.6 | 3.1 | 89,300 | 110,200 | 23.4% |
| PVD | 5.034 | -4% | 212 | 17% | 325 | 47.6 | 0.7 | 23,400 | 29,550 | 26.3% |
| PVS | 19,550 | -2% | 950 | 29% | 1,738 | 12.9 | 1.1 | 22,500 | 26,070 | 15.9% |
| PET | 17.875 | 28% | 174 | 28% | 2.007 | 8.8 | 1.0 | 16,550 | 21,170 | 27.9% |
| PLC | 6,890 | 23% | 212 | 43% | 2,628 | 10.7 | 1.5 | 26,800 | 31,500 | 17.5% |
| DPM | 9,846 | 27% | 865 | 25% | 1,924 | 9.8 | 1.0 | 16,850 | 23.030 | 36.7% |
| DCM | 9,591 | 27% | 844 | 27% | 1.298 | 12.7 | 1.4 | 13,500 | 18,790 | 39.2% |



Update 2020 business results – 2021 prospects of some typical stocks

Oil and gas upstream group

PVD – TP 29,550 – Price on 26/02/2021: 23,400 – BSC Company Update (Recent report: Link)

| (billion VND) | 2019 | 2020 | % yoy | |
|-------------------------|-------|-------|-------|---|
| Net Revenue | 4.371 | 5.235 | +20% | Enterprise Update : |
| Drilling service | 2.177 | 3.074 | +41% | ■ In 2020, PVD achieves Revenue = 5,235 billion VND (+20% yoy), EAT = 180 billion VND (+2% yoy) due to (1) The number of leased rigs reached 1.7 rigs (compared to 0.3 rigs in 2019), (2) The rental unit price of jack-up rigs |
| Commerce | 448 | 329 | -27% | estimated +4.4% yoy, (3) Profits distributed from joint ventures and |
| Other drilling services | 1,745 | 1.831 | +5% | associates reached VND 217 billion (+96% yoy), and (4) reversed 107 billion VND of provision for bad debts. |
| Gross profit | 449 | 330 | -27% | Up to now, 5/6 rigs owned by PVD have secured jobs in 2021. PVD plans to postpone the payment of 2019 dividend (share dividend, rate |
| Drilling service | 107 | -69 | | of 10%) to early 2021. |
| Commerce | 53 | 21 | -61% | Outlook for 2021: The jack-up rigs have many job opportunities in 2021 thanks to many new |
| Other drilling services | 288 | 378 | +31% | domestic drilling programs expected to be implemented, thereby improving the operating system. |
| Selling exp | -17 | -16 | -3% | ■ The TAD rig signed a long-term contract, bringing secure jobs to PVD for the period of 2021 - 2026 and helping to improve PVD's revenue, profit and cash |
| G&A | -397 | -316 | -21% | flow. |
| Financial income | 170 | 159 | -6% | Risks: Operators end drilling contracts earlier than expected |
| Financial expense | -242 | -202 | -16% | Forecast of business results in 2021: |
| Profit from associates | 113 | 217 | +92% | BSC forecasts that revenue and net profit in 2021 will reach VND 5,034 billion (-4% yoy) and VND 212 billion , respectively. (+17% YoY) , EPS FW 2021 = 325 |
| ЕВТ | 195 | 200 | +3% | VND/share assuming (1) the operating efficiency of the jack-up rig improves from 77% (2020) to 87%, and (2) The unit price for renting a jack-up rig is |
| NPAT | 177 | 180 | +2% | maintained at 61,000 USD/day. |



PVS – TP 26,070 – Price on February 26, 2021: 22,500 – BSC Company Update (Recent report: Link)

| (billion VND) | 2019 | 2020 | % yoy | |
|------------------------|--------|--------|-------|---|
| Net Revenue | 16,870 | 19,832 | +18% | Enterprise Update: |
| Mechanical services | 8,905 | 10,423 | +17% | ■ In 2020, PVS achieves Revenue = 19,832 billion VND (+18% yoy) and NPAT = 735 billion VND (-26% yoy) due to (1) the parent company won the bids for some big projects such as Sao Vang — Dai Nguyet, LNG Thi Vai, Southern |
| Vessel Supply | 2,248 | 2.057 | -8% | Petrochemical Complex, and (2) the Covid-19 epidemic and the drop in oil |
| Service | | | | prices delayed the construction progress and increased costs.CPP Gold Star rig has been completed and started transporting gas to shore |
| FSO/FPSO | 3.013 | 3,300 | +10% | from November 16, 2020, Dai Nguyet WHP rig is being focused on construction |
| Port service | 1,743 | 1,728 | -1% | and manufacturing, progress is at 65.54%. The Gallaf (Al Shaheen) project in Qatar has completed the fabrication, transportation and offshore installation of 3 drilling rigs and 3 bridges with a volume of nearly 10,000 MT, the overall progress is 87.09%. |
| O&M service | 1.521 | 3,300 | +117% | PVS sets the 2021 target to achieve revenue = 10,000 billion VND (-50% yoy), |
| Gross profit | 1.338 | 712 | -37% | PBT = 700 billion VND (-30% yoy). |
| Selling exp | -108 | -119 | +10% | Outlook for 2021: In the coming period, PVS is expected to have many job opportunities thanks to: The average oil price in 2021 is forecasted to improve to 57 USD/barrel (+36%) |
| G&A | -651 | -718 | +20% | yoy) along with the shortage of oil and gas to promote investment in exploration and exploitation of new fields. |
| Financial income | 318 | 399 | +26% | Construction projects of LNG terminals are promoted. |
| Financial expense | -67 | -140 | +109% | Risks: Projects are behind schedule because of upstream - downstream |
| EBT | 1.336 | 1.042 | -22% | synchronization |
| NPAT | 996 | 735 | -26% | Forecast of business results in 2021: BSC forecasts that PVS's revenue and net profit in 2021 will reach VND 19,550 billion (-2% yoy) and VND 950 billion (+29% yoy), EPS = 1,738 VND/share |
| | | | | assuming: (1) Average oil price in 2021, reaching 57 USD/barrel, and (2) PVS won the contract to execute large oil and gas projects. |



Oil and gas midstream group

GAS – TP 110,200 – Price on February 26, 2021: 89,300 – BSC Company Update (Recent report: Link)

| (billion VND) | 2019 | 2020 | % yoy | |
|----------------------|--------|--------|-------|--|
| Net Revenue | 75,348 | 64,150 | -15% | Enterprise Update: |
| Gross profit | 16,990 | 11,357 | -33% | ■ In 2020, GAS achieves Revenue = 64,150 billion VND (-15% yoy) and EAT = 7,927 billion VND (-35% yoy) due to (1) oil price drop, average 2020 at 42 USD/barrel (-34% yoy) and (2) production the amount of gas ashore |
| Selling exp | -2.394 | -1.943 | -19% | decreased by -11% yoy. The LNG Thi Vai project is on schedule, has completed construction and |
| G&A | -875 | -769 | -12% | raised the roof of the tank, is expected to be completed in Q4/2022 according to the set schedule. |
| Financial income | 1.666 | 1.451 | -13% | Outlook for 2021: |
| Financial expense | -243 | -183 | -34% | ■ The average oil price in 2021 is forecasted to recover to \$57/barrel, having a direct positive impact on GAS's revenue and profit margin. It is estimated that a change of 10 USD in oil price will affect in the same |
| EBT | 15,141 | 9,937 | -34% | direction to about 3% - 4% of GAS' profit margin. |
| NPAT | 12,158 | 7,927 | -35% | Sao Vang - Dai Nguyet gas field has been put into operation since November 2020, and is expected to add 1.5 billion m3 of gas per year from 2021. The LNG segment being actively invested by GAS will be a long-term growth |
| Quantity | | | | prospect of enterprises. |
| Dry gas (million m3) | 9,925 | 8,867 | -11% | Risks: Upstream incidents cause blocks/fields to reduce/stop gas supply |
| LPG (1000T) | 1,769 | 1,909 | 8% | unplanned. |
| Condensate (1000T) | 70.4 | 58.2 | -17% | Forecast of business results in 2021: BSC forecasts that GAS's parent company's revenue and net profit in 2021 will reach VND 77,145 billion (+20% yoy) and 11.718 billion VND (+50% yoy), EPS FW 2021 = 6,122 VND/share assuming (1) Sao Vang — Dai Nguyet field provides 1.5 billion m3 of gas/year (+16% of output), and (2) average oil price |
| | | | | average in 2021 will reach 57 USD/barrel (+36% yoy). |



Petroleum downstream group

BSR - TP N/A - Price on February 26, 2021: 12,300 - BSC Company Update

| (billion VND) | 2019 | 2020 | % yoy | |
|----------------------------------|---------|--------|-------|--|
| Net Revenue | 102,824 | 57,959 | -44% | Enterprise Update: |
| Gross profit | 3.973 | -2.215 | | ■ In 2020, BSR achieves Revenue = 57,959 billion VND (-44% yoy), EAT = -2,848 billion VND (compared to 2,823 billion VND in the previous year) due to (1) BSR had a 51-day general maintenance period, reducing production by |
| Selling exp | -714 | -552 | -23% | 14.5% yoy, and (2) average price of crude oil and gasoline decreased by 31% yoy. |
| G&A | -389 | -268 | -31% | Considering Q4/2020 alone, BSR had the second consecutive quarter of recovery with NPAT reaching VND 1,246 billion (an increase of VND 1,087 billion compared to Q3/2020). |
| Financial income | 537 | 666 | +24% | ■ By the end of 2020, the initial long-term debt for factory investment decreased by 40% compared to the beginning of the year to VND 2,878 |
| Financial expense | -416 | -499 | +20% | billion. With the current repayment schedule, it is expected that by 2023, BSR will complete this loan repayment. |
| ЕВТ | 3.054 | -2.842 | | BSR sets the 2021 plan to achieve revenue = 70.661 billion VND (+22% yoy), EAT = 846 billion VND. |
| NPAT | 2,823 | -2.848 | | Outlook for 2021: Demand for gasoline is expected to recover to pre-epidemic levels due to the control of the Covid-19 epidemic and the recovery of the economy. |
| Production output (million tons) | 6.94 | 5.93 | -15% | ■ The increase in gasoline price in line with oil price (expected to recover to 57 USD/barrel (+36% yoy) in 2021) helps to improve the cracking spread and profit margin of BSR |
| | | | | Risks: Gasoline demand recovers slower than expected Gasoline price growth rate is slower than oil price |



PLC – TP 31,500 – Price February 26, 2021: 26,800 – BSC Company Update (Recent report: Link)

| (billion VND) | 2019 | 2020 | % yoy | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|-------|-------|-------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Net Revenue | 6,160 | 5.608 | -9% | Enterprise Update: | | | | | | |
| Lubricant | 1.434 | 1.348 | -6% | ■ In 2020, PLC achieved revenue = 5,608 billion VND (-9% yoy and NPAT = 149 billion VND (equivalent to the previous year) due to (1) increased asphalt demand from public investment projects, (2) demand for lubricant and chemicals | | | | | | |
| Asphalt | 2,252 | 2.525 | +12% | decreased due to the impact of the Covid-19 epidemic, and (3) provision for bad debts of the asphalt industry was about VND 80 billion. | | | | | | |
| Chemistry | 2.434 | 1.693 | -30% | At the end of 2020, PLC's provision for short-term bad debts reached VND 2 billion (+34% yoy). It is expected that the company will revert back at the end. | | | | | | |
| Others | 40 | 42 | +6% | the project life cycle. | | | | | | |
| Gross profit | 839 | 952 | +13% | <u>Update progress of North-South Expressway project implementation</u> : ■ Currently, clearance work reaches 92%, behind schedule. | | | | | | |
| Grease | 436 | 449 | 3% | ■ The construction progress of the resettlement area only reached 53% of the volume, the progress of the power line relocation only reached 18%, the | | | | | | |
| Asphalt | 232 | 354 | +52% | relocation progress of telecommunications cables reached about 21.5%. | | | | | | |
| Chemistry | 165 | 141 | -14% | Outlook for 2021: The North-South Expressway Project accelerates the progress and converts it | | | | | | |
| Others | 6 | 7 | +27% | to Public Investment , supporting an average growth of +30% yoy in the period 2021-2023 for the asphalt segment. | | | | | | |
| Selling exp | -468 | -528 | +13% | Oil price in 2021 is forecasted to recover to \$57/barrel (+36% yoy), increasing the material costs, narrowing PLC's gross margin. It is estimated that the process of the price in the price in 2021 is forecasted to recover to \$57/barrel (+36% yoy). | | | | | | |
| G&A | -98 | -206 | +109% | every 10 USD change in oil price, PLC's gross profit margin fluctuates in the opposite direction about 3%. | | | | | | |
| Financial income | 45 | 78 | +73% | Risks: | | | | | | |
| Financial expense | -137 | -118 | -14% | Bad debts from public investment projects due to many procedures and slow disbursement progress | | | | | | |
| EBT | 193 | 190 | -2% | Forecast of business results in 2021: BSC forecasts PLC's revenue and NPAT in 2021 at VND6,890 billion (+23% yoy) and | | | | | | |
| NPAT | 150 | 149 | -1% | VND 212 billion (+43 percent), EPS = 2,628 VND/share assuming (1) asphalt | | | | | | |
| 131 731 | 130 | 143 | 1/0 | production +25 % thanks to the promotion of road and bridge investment projects | | | | | | |
| | | | | (2) the output of lubricants and chemicals recovered to pre-epidemic levels, and (3) | | | | | | |
| - | | | | the average oil price in 2021 reached 57 USD/barrel (+36% yoy)). | | | | | | |



PLX – TP N/A – Price on February 26, 2021: 58,200 – BSC Company Update

| (billion VND) | 2019 | 2020 | % yoy | |
|-------------------|---------|---------|-------|---|
| Net Revenue | 189,656 | 124,008 | -35% | Enterprise Update : |
| Gross profit | 14,169 | 10.034 | -29% | In 2020, PLX achieves revenue = 124,008 billion VND (-35% yoy), EAT = 1,235 billion VND (74% yoy). Output is estimated to decrease by 5% yoy. In Q4/2020 alone, PLX had the second consecutive quarter of recovery with NPAT reaching VND 1,007 billion (-11% yoy). |
| Selling exp | -8.702 | -8,596 | -1% | PLX sets a production plan in 2021 to recover to 2019 levels, EAT is about 3,500 4,000 billion VND. |
| G&A | -640 | -820 | -28% | PLX has the orientation to divest subsidiaries/affiliated companies outside the industry (total investment of more than 500 billion), expected to divest PGB in 2021 and reduce its ownership of PGI from 40.95% to 31.5% |
| Financial income | 1.004 | 917 | -9% | Outlook for 2021 : |
| Financial expense | -966 | -952 | -1% | Petroleum consumption demand is expected to recover to pre-epidemic levels with control of the Covid-19 epidemic and the recovery of the economy Gasoline prices benefiting from an increase in oil prices will help improve PLX's profit margin in the short term thanks to an increase in selling prices |
| EBT | 5.648 | 1.398 | -75% | while inventory prices are low. |
| NPAT | 4.677 | 1.235 | -74% | Risks: Gasoline demand recovers slower than expected Increased competition from foreign businesses if the Draft Amendment to Decree 83/2014 is passed |

OIL - TP N/A - Price on 26/02/2021: 11,700 - BSC Company Update

| (billion VND) | 2019 | 2020 | % yoy | |
|-------------------|--------|--------|-------|---|
| Net Revenue | 78,862 | 50.010 | -37% | Enterprise Update: |
| Gross profit | 2.774 | 1,937 | -30% | ■ In 2020, OIL reaches Revenue = 50,010 billion VND (- 37% yoy) and EAT = - 177 billion VND (compared to 325 billion VND the previous year). Output in 2020 - 12% yoy. |
| Selling exp | -1.689 | -1.559 | -8% | ■ For Q4/2020 alone, OIL recorded revenue = 9,092 billion VND (-56% yoy) but EAT reached 190 billion VND (+459% yoy) thanks to financial shares -53% yoy; Selling expense -4% yoy; and G&A expense -8% yoy. |
| G&A | -810 | -736 | -9% | ■ By the end of 2020, OIL's provision for devaluation of inventories was only 1.7 billion dong, total financial debt was -16.5% yoy to 4,095 billion dong. |
| Financial income | 373 | 453 | +21% | The number of new petrol station opened in the year is 30, bringing the total number of self-managed petrol station to 590. |
| Financial expense | -285 | -210 | -26% | ■ In 2021, OIL sets the target for petroleum trading volume and NPAT to return to 2019 levels (3,200 thousand m3/ton, 320 billion VND), opening 30 new petrol stations in the year. |
| EBT | 396 | -124 | | |
| NPAT | 325 | -177 | | Outlook for 2021: Petroleum consumption demand is expected to recover to pre-epidemic levels thanks to the control of the Covid-19 epidemic and the recovery of the economy |
| Number of petrol | 560 | 590 | +5% | Gasoline prices benefiting from an increase in oil prices will help improve |
| station | | | | OIL's profit margin in the short term thanks to an increase in selling prices |
| Petroleum | 3.185 | 2,803 | -12% | while inventory prices are low. |
| production | | | | Risks : |

OIL AND GAS INDUSTRY OUTLOOK REPORT - March 17, 2021



| volume (thousand | Gasoline demand recovers slower than expected | | | | | |
|------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| m3/ton) | • Increased competition from foreign businesses if the Draft Amendment to | | | | | |
| | Decree 83/2014 is passed | | | | | |

DPM – TP 23.030 – Price on February 26, 2021: 16,850 – BSC Company Update (Recent report: Link)

| (billion VND) | 2019 | 2020 | % yoy | | | | | | |
|------------------------|-------|-------|--------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Net Revenue | 7,683 | 7,762 | +1% | Enterprise Update : | | | | | |
| | | | | In 2020, DPM achieves Revenue = 7,782 billion VND (+1% yoy), EAT = 693 billion | | | | | |
| Gross profit | 1.402 | 1,730 | +23% | VND (+83% yoy), gross margin increased from 16.8% to 21% thanks to (1) recovery | | | | | |
| | | | | of urea sales volume as it was not affected by plant maintenance, and (2) cost of | | | | | |
| Selling exp | -554 | -654 | +18% | input gas is estimated at -24% yoy and (3) another profit of 90 billion dong is | | | | | |
| _ | | | | recognized from insurance claims. | | | | | |
| G&A | -415 | -409 | -2% | Pays cash dividend for the first time in 2020: 700 VND/share, the expected date of dividend payment is 19/02/2021 | | | | | |
| Figure stall in a con- | 1.10 | 470 | . 200/ | ■ DPM sets the 2021 plan: Revenue = 8,331 billion VND (+8% yoy), EBT = 437 billion | | | | | |
| Financial income | 140 | 179 | +28% | VND (-6% yoy) based on the oil price scenario at 45 USD/barrel. | | | | | |
| Financial expense | -108 | -93 | -14% | (, ., | | | | | |
| r maneiar expense | 100 | 33 | 1470 | Outlook for 2021: | | | | | |
| Other profit | first | 95 | | ■ The selling price of urea is expected to increase by 29% yoy due to disrupted supply | | | | | |
| р. 2 | | | | and high demand | | | | | |
| EBT | 467 | 850 | +82% | Input gas price is forecast to increase by 27% yoy as the average oil price in 2021 is expected to recover to 57 USD/barrel (+36% yoy) | | | | | |
| | | | | Selling price increased faster than input material price, helping to improve GPM | | | | | |
| NPAT | 378 | 693 | +83% | from 22.3% to 23.7%. | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| Sales volume | | | | Risks: | | | | | |
| (1000 tons) | | | / | Input gas price increased faster than forecast and adjusted selling price was lower | | | | | |
| Urea | 680 | 827 | +20% | than expected | | | | | |
| NPK | 76 | 94 | +23% | Operating efficiency of factories is lower than expected due to routine maintenance | | | | | |
| INPK | 76 | 94 | +23% | Foregoet of hyginess results in 2021. | | | | | |
| Self-employed | 200 | 179 | -13% | Forecast of business results in 2021: BSC forecasts that DPM's 2021 revenue and NPAT will reach 9,846 billion VND (+27%) | | | | | |
| Jen employed | 200 | 1,3 | 1370 | yoy) and 865 billion VND (+25% yoy), EPS = 1,942 VND/share assuming (1) volume | | | | | |
| | | | | down 4% yoy due to plant maintenance in Q2/2021, (2) selling price of urea increased | | | | | |
| | | | | by 29% and (3) average oil price in 2021 was at USD 57/barrel, making input gas price | | | | | |
| | | | | +27% yoy. | | | | | |



DCM – TP 18,790 – Price February 26, 2021: 13,500 – BSC Company Update

| (billion VND) | 2019 | 2020 | % yoy | |
|-----------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|--|
| Net Revenue | 7,043 | 7.563 | +7% | Enterprise Update: In 2020, DCM achieves Revenue = 7,563 billion VND (+7% yoy) and EAT = 665 billion VND (+56% yoy), gross margin improved from 13.6% to 17.3% due to (1) |
| Gross profit | 959 | 1.312 | +37% | Average commercial urea selling price -10% yoy, (2) sales volume +20.6% yoy (boosting exports due to high demand in Asia), and (3) average gas price cost -24.2% yoy due to new floating gas price mechanism amid falling oil price reduction. |
| Selling exp | -364 | -368 | +1% | ■ DCM sets revenue target and NPAT in 2021 to reach VND 7,839 billion (+11% yoy), NPAT = VND 197 billion (-70% yoy), urea output converted to 860 thousand tons (-8% yoy). |
| G&A | -201 | -299 | +49% | |
| Financial income | 127 | 128 | +1% | Outlook for 2021: ■ The selling price of urea is expected to increase by 29% yoy due to disrupted supply and high demand |
| Financial expense | -103 | -63 | -39% | Input gas price is forecast to increase by 27% yoy as the average oil price in 2021 is expected to recover to 57 USD/barrel (+36% yoy) Selling price increased faster than input material price, helping to improve GPM from 17, 20% to 180% |
| EBT | 463 | 719 | +55% | from 17.3% to 18%. • Maintain the leading market share in the Mekong Delta and export (Cambodia). |
| NPAT | 427 | 665 | +56% | Risks: Input gas price increased faster than forecast and adjusted selling price was lower than expected |
| Converted urea output (1000 tons) | 801 | 931 | +16% | Forecast of business results in 2021: BSC forecasts DCM's revenue and NPAT in 2021 to reach VND 9,591 billion (+27% yoy) and VND 1,298 billion (+27% yoy), EPS = 1,298 VND/share assuming (1) the selling price of urea increases by 29 % and (2) average oil price in 2021 is at 57 USD/barrel, making input gas price +27% yoy. |



Ancillary service team

PET – TP 21,170 – Price February 26, 2021: 16,550 – BSC Company Update (Recent report: Link)

| (billion VND) | 2019 | 2020 | % yoy | |
|-------------------|--------|--------|-------|---|
| Net Revenue | 10.008 | 13.916 | 39% | Enterprise Update: ■ In 2020, PET achieved revenue = 13.916 billion VND (+39% yoy) and EAT = 245 billion VND (+80% yoy). Growth mainly comes from electronic distribution, due |
| Gross profit | 611 | 695 | 14% | to (1) the trend of working from home and studying online during the epidemic season and (2) the absolute contribution of the Apple brand from Q3/2020 . |
| Selling exp | -224 | -252 | 13% | ■ Gross profit margin decreased to 5% (2019: 6.1%) due to (1) high growth in the segment with low profit margin (computers and phones) and (2) the selling price of some goods decreased in Q1 and Q2 due to the epidemic. |
| G&A | -251 | -198 | -21% | ■ SG&A/Revenue decreased to 3.6% (2019: 5.8%) due to operating cost tightening policies during the epidemic. |
| EBIT | 136 | 245 | 80% | Outlook for 2021: The growth driver of the Electronic Distribution segment mainly comes from the Iphone line |
| Financial income | 37.7 | 44.0 | 17% | Petroleum material distribution segment and Supply - logistics segment are expected to recover when oil prices show signs of increasing again |
| Financial expense | -73.1 | -86.1 | 18% | Risks: Growth potential of current brands is saturated |
| EBT | 185 | 210 | 14% | ■ Can't sign new brands |
| NPAT | 127 | 143 | 13% | Forecast of business results in 2021: BSC forecasts PET's revenue and NPAT in 2021 to reach VND 17,875 billion (+28.5% yoy) and VND 174 billion (+28.3% yoy), EPS fw = 2,007 VND/share assuming (1) GPM decreased to 4.77% due to increased proportion of Apple (low GPM) and (2) SG&A/Revenue increased to 3.32%. |



APPENDIX

Appendix 01 – Forecast of Brent oil prices of major organizations and institutions by quarter (Unit: USD/barrel)

| Nest position | Forecast date | Q1/2021 | Q2/2021 | Q3/2021 | Q4/2021 |
|---|---------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| MPS Capital Services Banca per le Imprese SpA | 26/02/2021 | 60.0 | 61.0 | 62.0 | 64.0 |
| Landesbank Baden-Wuerttemberg | 25/02/2021 | 61.0 | 65.0 | 60.0 | 60.0 |
| Commerzbank AG | 23/02/2021 | 54.0 | 45.0 | 48.0 | 50.0 |
| Emirates NBD PJSC | 23/02/2021 | 47.5 | 50.0 | 50.0 | 52.5 |
| Intesa Sanpaolo SpA | 22/02/2021 | 60.0 | 70.0 | 72.0 | 73.0 |
| MUFG Bank | 17/02/2021 | 61.0 | 73.7 | 71.8 | 65.4 |
| Rabobank International | 16/02/2021 | 60.0 | 60.2 | 60.3 | 60.7 |
| Capital Economics Ltd | 15/02/2021 | 55.0 | 59.0 | 63.5 | 68.5 |
| ABN AMRO Bank NV | 15/02/2021 | 59.0 | 57.0 | 53.0 | 52.0 |
| Banco Santander SA | 08/02/2021 | 58.0 | 57.0 | 55.0 | 54.0 |
| Westpac Banking Corp | 05/02/2021 | 56.0 | 56.0 | 55.0 | 54.0 |
| Natixis SA | 26/01/2021 | 53.0 | 55.0 | 53.0 | 57.0 |
| Deutsche Bank AG | 20/01/2021 | 55.0 | 60.0 | 60.0 | 65.0 |
| Market Risk Advisory Co Ltd | 06/01/2021 | 52.0 | 53.0 | 54.0 | 54.0 |
| Prestige Economics LLC | 29/12/2020 | 53.5 | 55.5 | 57.0 | 60.0 |
| Santander UK PLC | 12/22/2020 | 48.0 | 47.5 | 48.0 | 48.5 |
| CIMB | 09/12/2020 | 55.0 | 53.0 | 52.0 | 50.0 |
| BNP Paribas SA | 11/23/2020 | 56.0 | 54.0 | 55.0 | 59.0 |
| Bank of Nova Scotia/The | 13/10/2020 | 46.0 | 49.0 | 51.0 | 54.0 |
| | | Q1/2021 | Q2/2021 | Q3/2021 | Q4/2021 |
| Median | | 55.0 | 56.0 | 55.0 | 57.0 |
| Mean | | 55.3 | 56.9 | 56.9 | 58.0 |
| Maximum | | 61.0 | 73.7 | 72.0 | 73.0 |
| Minimum | | 46.0 | 45.0 | 48.0 | 48.5 |

Source: Bloomberg, BSC Research



Appendix 02 – Forecast of Brent oil prices of major organizations and institutions by year (Unit: USD/barrel)

| | Day attend | | |
|---|------------|------|------|
| Nest position | newspaper | 2021 | 2022 |
| Citigroup Inc | 01/03/2021 | 64.0 | |
| MPS Capital Services Banca per le Imprese SpA | 26/02/2021 | 62.0 | |
| Landesbank Baden-Wuerttemberg | 25/02/2021 | 61.5 | 63.0 |
| Commerzbank AG | 23/02/2021 | 49.0 | 54.0 |
| Emirates NBD PJSC | 23/02/2021 | 50.0 | |
| Intesa Sanpaolo SpA | 22/02/2021 | 68.8 | 75.0 |
| MUFG Bank | 17/02/2021 | 68.0 | 58.2 |
| Rabobank International | 16/02/2021 | 60.3 | 61.9 |
| ABN AMRO Bank NV | 15/02/2021 | 55.0 | 56.0 |
| Capital Economics Ltd | 15/02/2021 | 61.5 | 59.5 |
| Fitch Solutions | 12/02/2021 | 58.0 | 56.0 |
| Banco Santander SA | 08/02/2021 | 56.0 | 53.0 |
| Westpac Banking Corp | 05/02/2021 | 40.0 | 52.0 |
| Natixis SA | 26/01/2021 | 54.5 | 61.8 |
| Deutsche Bank AG | 20/01/2021 | 60.0 | 60.0 |
| Market Risk Advisory Co Ltd | 06/01/2021 | 53.3 | 57.0 |
| Prestige Economics LLC | 29/12/2021 | 56.5 | 68.5 |
| Santander UK PLC | 12/22/2020 | 48.0 | 48.0 |
| BNP Paribas SA | 11/23/2020 | 56.0 | 61.0 |
| Bank of Nova Scotia/The | 13/10/2020 | 50.0 | 55.0 |
| | | 2021 | 2022 |
| Median | | 56 | 58 |
| Mean | | 57 | 59 |
| Maximum | | 69 | 75 |
| Minimum | | 40 | 48 |

Source: Bloomberg, BSC Research



Appendix 03 – Summary of companies in the industry

| PVS | Sector | Stock | Market Cap (bil. VND) | Revenue 2020 (bil. VND) | % уоу | NPAT 2020 (bil. VND) | % уоу | ROA | ROE | P/E | P/O | Price 26/02/2021 |
|--|----------------|-------|--------------------------|-------------------------------|-------|--------------------------|-------|-------|-------|--------|------|---------------------|
| and extraction POS PQN 735 3.405 139% 103 203% 6.0% 13.0% 6.0 1.4 4,000 Gas processing PQN 120 848 35% 20 32% 2.0% 27.0% 6.0 1.4 4,000 Gas processing PPV 1.20 64.150 1.4% 7,928 -34% 13.0% 16.0% 22.1 3.0 89,300 PPV 5.518 7,458 4-% 760 -7% 6.0% 10.0% 9.5 1.2 17,050 Petroleum PPV 1.244 1.610 F1% 225 4.9% 9.0% 16.0% 6.2 1.0 13,500 PPV 1.54 6.06 -11% 27 -20% 5.0% 1.0 1.1,500 101 refinery BSR 38,056 57,959 -44% -2.88 -199% -5.0% -9.0% -17.6 1.6 12,300 101 refinery PLX 7.033 1.232 | | PVS | 10,754 | 19,832 | 17% | 735 | -9% | 3.0% | 5.0% | 17.5 | 0.9 | 22,500 |
| and extraction POS 735 3.405 139% 103 203% 6.0% 13.0% 6.0 1.4 4,000 Gas processing GAS 170,916 64,150 -14% 7,928 -34% 13.0% 16.0% 1.2 1.4 4,000 Petroleum PVP 1.518 7,458 4% 760 -7% 6.0% 10.0% 9.5 1.2 17,050 Petroleum PVP 1.244 1.610 F11% 225 49% 9.0% 16.0% 6.2 1.0 13,500 PDV 1.55 852 -9% 7 -23% 1.0% 2.2 0.5 7.0 11,500 12,300 1.0 11,500 1.0 1.1 1.0 1.1 1.0 1.1 1.0 1.1 1.0 1.1 1.0 1.1 1.0 1.1 1.0 1.0 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 | Exploration | PVD | 9,854 | 5.228 | 20% | 181 | 5% | 1.0% | 1.0% | 53.9 | 0.7 | 23,400 |
| Gas processing Petroleum PVP 6AS 170,916 64,150 -14% 7,928 -34% 13.0% 16.0% 22.1 3.6 89,300 Petroleum PVP 1.244 1.610 F1% 225 49% 9.0% 16.0% 6.2 1.0 13,500 PDV 1.55 85 -9% 7 -23% 1.0% 2.0% 7.2 0.9 11,650 PDV 165 852 -9% 7 -23% 1.0% 2.0% 22.8 0.5 5,600 Oil refinery BSR 38,056 57,959 -44% -2.848 -199% -5.0% -9.0% -17.6 1.6 12,300 PLC 2.190 5.608 -9% 149 2% 3.0% 12.0% 1-17.6 1.6 12,300 PLC 2.190 5.608 -9% 149 2% 3.0% 12.0 11.0 12,000 PLC 2.190 5.608 -3% 1.25 -15% | and extraction | POS | 735 | 3.405 | 139% | 103 | 203% | 6.0% | 13.0% | 6.8 | 0.9 | |
| Petroleum PVP 1.244 | | PQN | 120 | 848 | 35% | 20 | 32% | 2.0% | 27.0% | 6.0 | 1.4 | 4,000 |
| Petroleum transportation PVP 1.244 1.610 F1% 225 49% 9.0% 16.0% 6.2 1.0 13,500 transportation transportation PIT 179 606 -11% 27 -20% 5.0% 12.0% 7.2 0.9 11,650 PDV 165 852 -9% 7 -23% 1.0% 2.0% 7.2 0.5 5,600 Oil refinery BSR 38,8056 57,959 -44% -2.848 -199% -5.0% -9.0% -17.6 -13.0 -71,10 1.0 1.1 97,100 1.0 1.1 27,100 1.0 1.1 1.0 1.1 1.0 1.1 1.0 1.1 1.0 1.1 1.0 1.1 1.0 1.1 2.0 1.1 1.0 1.1 2.0 1.1 2.0 1.0 1.1 1.0 1.1 2.0 1.1 2.0 1.1 2.0 1.1 2.0 1.0 2.0 1.1 1.0 | Gas processing | GAS | 170,916 | 64,150 | -14% | 7,928 | -34% | 13.0% | 16.0% | 22.1 | 3.6 | 89,300 |
| transportation PJT 179 606 -11% 27 -20% 5.0% 12.0% 7.2 0.9 11,650 PDV 165 852 -9% 7 -23% 1.0% 2.0% 22.8 0.5 5,600 Oil refinery BSR 38,056 57,959 -44% -2.848 -19% -5.0% -9.0% -17.6 1.6 12,300 PLX 70,935 123.924 -35% 1.235 -74% 2.0% 4.0% 71.6 3.3 58,200 Petroleum PSH 2.523 6.112 -33% 28 -78% 0.0% 2.0% 91.9 1.7 20,000 trading PSH 2.523 6.112 -33% 28 -78% 0.0% 2.0% 91.9 1.7 20,000 trading COM 649 2.899 -31% 37 -27% 7.0% 4.0% 8.0 1.1 16,600 trading PPY 138 | | PVT | 5.518 | 7,458 | -4% | 760 | -7% | 6.0% | 10.0% | 9.5 | 1.2 | 17,050 |
| PDV 165 852 9-9% 7 -23% 1.0% 2.0% 2.1% 0.5 5,600 Oil refinery PIC 2.190 5.608 9-9% 149 2-8 3.0% 12.0% 16.3 1.9 27,100 Petroleum PSH 2.523 2.31% 2.33% 2.28 2.35% 2.0% 2.0% 3.0% 1.0% 2.19% 3.0% | Petroleum | PVP | 1.244 | 1.610 | F1% | 225 | 49% | 9.0% | 16.0% | 6.2 | 1.0 | 13,500 |
| Oil refinery BSR PLC 38,056 57,959 b.608 -9% b.4% b.9% b.49 -19% b.2% b.9% b.9% b.9% b.9% b.9% b.9% b.9% b.9 | transportation | PJT | 179 | 606 | -11% | 27 | -20% | 5.0% | 12.0% | 7.2 | 0.9 | 11,650 |
| Oli Ferniery PLC 2.190 5.608 -9% 149 2% 3.0% 12.0% 16.3 1.9 27,100 PLX 70,935 123.924 -35% 1.235 -74% 2.0% 4.0% 71.6 3.3 58,200 OIL 11,964 50.010 -37% -177 -151% -1.0% -1.0% -119.1 1.6 11,700 Petroleum PSH 2.523 6.112 -33% 28 -78% 0.0% 2.0% 91.9 1.7 20,000 trading COM 649 2,899 -31% 37 -27% 7.0% 8.0% 17.2 1.4 45,950 POB 156 548 -34% -1 -129 1.0% 2.0% 9.07 1.4 45,650 POB 156 548 -34% -1 -129 1.0% 8.0% 13.0 1 15,600 1 11,600 1.0 15,900 1 1 1 <td></td> <td>PDV</td> <td>165</td> <td>852</td> <td>-9%</td> <td>7</td> <td>-23%</td> <td>1.0%</td> <td>2.0%</td> <td>22.8</td> <td>0.5</td> <td>5,600</td> | | PDV | 165 | 852 | -9% | 7 | -23% | 1.0% | 2.0% | 22.8 | 0.5 | 5,600 |
| PLC 2.190 5.608 -9w 149 2% 3.0% 12.0% 16.3 1.9 27,100 PLX 70,935 123.924 -35% 1.235 -74% 2.0% 4.0% 71.6 3.3 58,200 OUL 11,964 50.010 -37% -177 -151% -1.0% -119.1 1.6 11,700 PSH 2.523 6.112 -33% 28 -78% 0.0% 2.0% 91.9 1.7 20,000 trading COM 649 2,899 -31% 37 -27% 7.0% 8.0% 17.2 1.4 45,950 POB 1.56 548 -34% -1 -129% -1.0% 2.09.7 1.4 16,600 POB 1.56 548 -34% -1 -129% -1.0% 8.0% 13.6 1.0 15,900 POB 1.56 7,527 -6% 203 -13% 7.0% 15.0% 13.7 2.1 <td>0:1 f:</td> <td>BSR</td> <td>38,056</td> <td>57,959</td> <td>-44%</td> <td>-2.848</td> <td>-199%</td> <td>-5.0%</td> <td>-9.0%</td> <td>-17.6</td> <td>1.6</td> <td>12,300</td> | 0:1 f: | BSR | 38,056 | 57,959 | -44% | -2.848 | -199% | -5.0% | -9.0% | -17.6 | 1.6 | 12,300 |
| Petroleum OIL 11,964 50.010 -37% -177 -151% -1.0% -1.0% -119.1 1.6 11,700 Petroleum trading PSH 2.523 6.112 -33% 28 -78% 0.0% 2.0% 91.9 1.7 20,000 trading COM 649 2,899 -31% 37 -27% 7.0% 8.0% 17.2 1.4 45,950 POB 156 548 -34% -1 -129% -1.0% -1.0% -209.7 1.4 45,950 PPY 138 1.473 -29% 10 -47% 4.0% 8.0% 13.6 1.0 15,900 PPY 138 1.473 -29% 10 -47% 4.0% 8.0% 13.6 1.0 15,900 608 1.07 7,527 -6% 203 -13% 7.0% 1.0% 1.0% 1.0 1.0 1.7,600 638 975 4.802 -238 < | Oil refinery | PLC | 2.190 | 5.608 | -9% | 149 | 2% | 3.0% | 12.0% | 16.3 | 1.9 | 27,100 |
| Petroleum PSH 2.523 6.112 -33% 28 -78% 0.0% 2.0% 91.9 1.7 20,000 trading COM 649 2,899 -31% 37 -27% 7.0% 8.0% 17.2 1.4 45,950 POB 156 548 -34% -1 -129% -1.0% -209.7 1.4 16,600 PPY 138 1.473 -29% 10 -47% 4.0% 8.0% 13.6 1.0 15,900 PGD 2,790 7,527 -6% 203 -13% 7.0% 15.0% 13.7 2.1 31,000 PGC 1.062 2,821 -11% 125 -19% 6.0% 14.0% 9.8 1.5 17,600 PGS 975 4.802 -25% 57 -23% 3.0% 6.0% 18.9 1.1 19,500 PGG 975 4.802 -35% 72 2.0% | | PLX | 70,935 | 123.924 | -35% | 1.235 | -74% | 2.0% | 4.0% | 71.6 | 3.3 | 58,200 |
| trading COM 649 2,899 -31% 37 -27% 7.0% 8.0% 17.2 1.4 45,950 POB 156 548 -34% -1 -129% -1.0% -1.0% -20,7 1.4 16,600 PPY 138 1.473 -29% 10 -47% 4.0% 8.0% 13.6 1.0 15,900 PGD 2,790 7,527 -6% 203 -13% 7.0% 15.0% 13.7 2.1 31,000 PGC 1.062 2,821 -11% 125 -19% 6.0% 14.0% 9.8 1.5 17,600 PGS 975 4.802 -25% 57 -23% 3.0% 6.0% 18.9 1.1 19,500 CNG 643 2,338 10% 50 -41% 5.0% 9.0% 14.4 1.4 23,800 PVG 329 2,167 -4% 25 -37% | | OIL | 11,964 | 50.010 | -37% | -177 | -151% | -1.0% | -1.0% | -119.1 | 1.6 | 11,700 |
| POB 156 548 -34% -1 -129% -1.0% -1.0% -209.7 1.4 16,600 PPY 138 1.473 -29% 10 -47% 4.0% 8.0% 13.6 1.0 15,900 PGD 2,790 7,527 -6% 203 -13% 7.0% 15.0% 13.7 2.1 31,000 PGC 1.062 2,821 -11% 125 -19% 6.0% 14.0% 9.8 1.5 17,600 PGS 975 4.802 -25% 57 -23% 3.0% 6.0% 18.9 1.1 19,500 CNG 643 2,338 10% 50 -41% 5.0% 9.0% 14.4 1.4 23,800 PVG 329 3.458 -1% 1 147% 0.0% 9.0% 11.4 0.6 6,800 Petrochemical PVC 409 2.167 -4% 25 -37% 1.0% 1.0% | Petroleum | PSH | 2.523 | 6.112 | -33% | 28 | -78% | 0.0% | 2.0% | 91.9 | 1.7 | 20,000 |
| PPY 138 1.473 -29% 10 -47% 4.0% 8.0% 13.6 1.0 15,900 ABARTHAGING PGD 2,790 7,527 -6% 203 -13% 7.0% 15.0% 13.7 2.1 31,000 BASH TAGING PGC 1.062 2,821 -11% 125 -19% 6.0% 14.0% 9.8 1.5 17,600 BASH TAGING PGS 975 4.802 -25% 57 -23% 3.0% 6.0% 18.9 1.1 19,500 CNG 643 2,338 10% 50 -41% 5.0% 9.0% 14.4 1.4 23,800 PVG 329 3.458 -1% 1 147% 0.0% 0.0% 771.0 0.8 9,000 Petrochemical PVC 409 2.167 -4% 25 -37% 1.0% 1.0% 16.73 1.3 7,130 Mechanical PVB 406 695 <td< td=""><td>trading</td><td>COM</td><td>649</td><td>2,899</td><td>-31%</td><td>37</td><td>-27%</td><td>7.0%</td><td>8.0%</td><td>17.2</td><td>1.4</td><td>45,950</td></td<> | trading | COM | 649 | 2,899 | -31% | 37 | -27% | 7.0% | 8.0% | 17.2 | 1.4 | 45,950 |
| PGD 2,790 7,527 -6% 203 -13% 7.0% 15.0% 13.7 2.1 31,000 PGS 1.062 2,821 -11% 125 -19% 6.0% 14.0% 9.8 1.5 17,600 PGS 975 4.802 -25% 57 -23% 3.0% 6.0% 18.9 1.1 19,500 CNG 643 2,338 10% 50 -41% 5.0% 9.0% 14.4 1.4 23,800 PVG 329 3.458 -1% 1 147% 0.0% 0.0% 771.0 0.8 9,000 PVG 329 3.458 -1% 1 147% 0.0% 0.0% 771.0 0.8 9,000 Petrochemical PVC 409 2.167 -4% 25 -37% 1.0% 1.0% 56.8 0.7 8,600 Petrochemical PVC 409 2.167 -4% 25 -37% 1.0% <th< td=""><td></td><td>POB</td><td>156</td><td>548</td><td>-34%</td><td>-1</td><td>-129%</td><td>-1.0%</td><td>-1.0%</td><td>-209.7</td><td>1.4</td><td>16,600</td></th<> | | POB | 156 | 548 | -34% | -1 | -129% | -1.0% | -1.0% | -209.7 | 1.4 | 16,600 |
| Gas trading PGC 1.062 2,821 -11% 125 -19% 6.0% 14.0% 9.8 1.5 17,600 Gas trading PGS 975 4.802 -25% 57 -23% 3.0% 6.0% 18.9 1.1 19,500 CNG 643 2,338 10% 50 -41% 5.0% 9.0% 14.4 1.4 23,800 PVG 329 3.458 -1% 1 147% 0.0% 0.0% 771.0 0.8 9,000 Petrochemical PVC 409 2.167 -4% 25 -37% 1.0% 1.0% 56.8 0.7 8,600 Petrochemical PVC 409 2.167 -4% 25 -37% 1.0% 1.0% 56.8 0.7 8,600 Mechanical PXS 428 1.137 180% 3 -101% 0.0% 1.0% 6.9 1.0 18,800 PVY 143 369 7% </td <td></td> <td>PPY</td> <td>138</td> <td>1.473</td> <td>-29%</td> <td>10</td> <td>-47%</td> <td>4.0%</td> <td>8.0%</td> <td>13.6</td> <td>1.0</td> <td>15,900</td> | | PPY | 138 | 1.473 | -29% | 10 | -47% | 4.0% | 8.0% | 13.6 | 1.0 | 15,900 |
| Gas trading PGS 975 4.802 -25% 57 -23% 3.0% 6.0% 18.9 1.1 19,500 CNG 643 2,338 10% 50 -41% 5.0% 9.0% 14.4 1.4 23,800 PVG 329 3.458 -1% 1 147% 0.0% 0.0% 771.0 0.8 9,000 ASP 254 2.705 6% 32 -20% 2.0% 9.0% 11.4 0.6 6,800 Petrochemical PVC 409 2.167 -4% 25 -37% 1.0% 1.0% 56.8 0.7 8,600 Mechanical PVC 409 2.167 -4% 25 -37% 1.0% 1.0% 167.3 1.3 7,130 Mechanical PVS 428 1.137 180% 3 -101% 0.0% 1.0% 6.9 1.0 18,800 PVS 143 369 7% -51 | | PGD | 2,790 | 7,527 | -6% | 203 | -13% | 7.0% | 15.0% | 13.7 | 2.1 | 31,000 |
| CNG 643 2,338 10% 50 -41% 5.0% 9.0% 14.4 1.4 23,800 PVG 329 3.458 -1% 1 147% 0.0% 0.0% 771.0 0.8 9,000 ASP 254 2.705 6% 32 -20% 2.0% 9.0% 11.4 0.6 6,800 Petrochemical PVC 409 2.167 -4% 25 -37% 1.0% 1.0% 56.8 0.7 8,600 Petrochemical PVS 428 1.137 180% 3 -101% 0.0% 1.0% 167.3 1.3 7,130 PVB 406 695 82% 61 62% 8.0% 14.0% 6.9 1.0 18,800 PVY 143 369 7% -51 0% -7.0% 0.0% -2.8 -0.6 2,400 PMS 125 915 -16% 21 23% 7.0% 14.0% 6.6 0.9 17,300 Equipment Supply PEQ 199 657 -21% 15 -30% 9.0% 17.0% 15.7 2.7 40,000 Fertilizer DCM 7,147 7.563 7% 665 55% 7.0% 11.0% 13.0 1.4 13,500 Tertilizer DCM 7,147 7.563 7% 665 55% 7.0% 11.0% 13.0 1.4 13,500 Tertilizer DCM 7,147 7.563 7% 665 55% 7.0% 11.0% 13.0 1.4 13,500 Tertilizer DCM 7,147 7.563 7% 665 55% 7.0% 11.0% 13.0 1.4 13,500 Tertilizer DCM 7,147 7.563 7% 665 55% 7.0% 11.0% 13.0 1.4 13,500 Tertilizer DCM 7,147 7.563 7% 665 55% 7.0% 11.0% 13.0 1.4 13,500 Tertilizer DCM 7,147 7.563 7% 665 55% 7.0% 11.0% 13.0 1.4 13,500 Tertilizer DCM 7,147 7.563 7% 665 55% 7.0% 11.0% 13.0 1.4 13,500 Tertilizer DCM 7,147 7.563 7% 665 55% 7.0% 11.0% 13.0 1.4 13,500 Tertilizer DCM 7,147 7.563 7% 665 55% 7.0% 11.0% 13.0 1.4 13,500 Tertilizer DCM 7,147 7.563 7% 665 55% 7.0% 11.0% 13.0 1.4 13,500 Tertilizer DCM 7,147 7.563 7% 665 55% 7.0% 11.0% 13.0 1.4 13,500 Tertilizer DCM 7,147 7.563 7% 665 55% 7.0% 11.0% 13.0 1.4 13,500 Tertilizer DCM 7,147 7.563 7% 665 55% 7.0% 10.0% 1.0% 1.0% 1.0% 1.0% 1.0% 1.0% 1.0% 1.0% 1.0% 1.0% | | PGC | 1.062 | 2,821 | -11% | 125 | -19% | 6.0% | 14.0% | 9.8 | 1.5 | 17,600 |
| CNG 643 2,338 10% 50 -41% 5.0% 9.0% 14.4 1.4 23,800 PVG 329 3.458 -1% 1 147% 0.0% 0.0% 771.0 0.8 9,000 ASP 254 2.705 6% 32 -20% 2.0% 9.0% 11.4 0.6 6,800 Petrochemical PVC 409 2.167 -4% 25 -37% 1.0% 1.0% 56.8 0.7 8,600 PXS 428 1.137 180% 3 -101% 0.0% 1.0% 167.3 1.3 7,130 PVB 406 695 82% 61 62% 8.0% 14.0% 6.9 1.0 18,800 PVY 143 369 7% -51 0% -7.0% 0.0% -2.8 -0.6 2,400 PMS 125 915 -16% 21 23% 7.0% 14.0% 6.6 0.9 17,300 Equipment Supply PEQ 199 657 -21% 15 -30% 9.0% 17.0% 15.7 2.7 40,000 Fertilizer DCM 7,147 7.563 7% 665 55% 7.0% 11.0% 13.0 1.4 13,500 Fertilizer DCM 7,147 7.563 7% 665 55% 7.0% 11.0% 13.0 1.4 13,500 TYPE TYPE | Castrading | PGS | 975 | 4.802 | -25% | 57 | -23% | 3.0% | 6.0% | 18.9 | 1.1 | 19,500 |
| ASP 254 2.705 6% 32 -20% 2.0% 9.0% 11.4 0.6 6,800 Petrochemical PVC 409 2.167 -4% 25 -37% 1.0% 1.0% 56.8 0.7 8,600 Mechanical PXS 428 1.137 180% 3 -101% 0.0% 1.0% 167.3 1.3 7,130 Mechanical PVB 406 695 82% 61 62% 8.0% 14.0% 6.9 1.0 18,800 PVY 143 369 7% -51 0% -7.0% 0.0% -2.8 -0.6 2,400 PMS 125 915 -16% 21 23% 7.0% 14.0% 6.6 0.9 17,300 Equipment supply PEQ 199 657 -21% 15 -30% 9.0% 17.0% 15.7 2.7 40,000 Fertilizer DCM 7,147 7.563 7% | Gas traumg | CNG | 643 | 2,338 | 10% | 50 | -41% | 5.0% | 9.0% | 14.4 | 1.4 | 23,800 |
| Petrochemical PVC 409 2.167 -4% 25 -37% 1.0% 1.0% 56.8 0.7 8,600 Mechanical PXS 428 1.137 180% 3 -101% 0.0% 1.0% 167.3 1.3 7,130 PVB 406 695 82% 61 62% 8.0% 14.0% 6.9 1.0 18,800 PVY 143 369 7% -51 0% -7.0% 0.0% -2.8 -0.6 2,400 PMS 125 915 -16% 21 23% 7.0% 14.0% 6.6 0.9 17,300 Equipment supply PEQ 199 657 -21% 15 -30% 9.0% 17.0% 15.7 2.7 40,000 Fertilizer DCM 7,147 7.563 7% 665 55% 7.0% 11.0% 13.0 1.4 13,500 | | PVG | 329 | 3.458 | -1% | 1 | 147% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 771.0 | 0.8 | 9,000 |
| Mechanical PXS 428 1.137 180% 3 -101% 0.0% 1.0% 167.3 1.3 7,130 Mechanical PVB 406 695 82% 61 62% 8.0% 14.0% 6.9 1.0 18,800 PVY 143 369 7% -51 0% -7.0% 0.0% -2.8 -0.6 2,400 PMS 125 915 -16% 21 23% 7.0% 14.0% 6.6 0.9 17,300 Equipment supply PET 2.043 13.915 39% 143 12% 2.3% 8.2% 15.3 1.3 16,550 PEQ 199 657 -21% 15 -30% 9.0% 17.0% 15.7 2.7 40,000 PTV 134 408 -34% -0.2 -106% 0.0% -1.0% -114.3 0.7 6,700 Fertilizer DCM 7,147 7.563 7% | | ASP | 254 | 2.705 | 6% | 32 | -20% | 2.0% | 9.0% | 11.4 | 0.6 | 6,800 |
| Mechanical PVB 406 695 82% 61 62% 8.0% 14.0% 6.9 1.0 18,800 PVY 143 369 7% -51 0% -7.0% 0.0% -2.8 -0.6 2,400 PMS 125 915 -16% 21 23% 7.0% 14.0% 6.6 0.9 17,300 Equipment supply PEQ 199 657 -21% 15 -30% 9.0% 17.0% 15.7 2.7 40,000 PTV 134 408 -34% -0.2 -106% 0.0% -1.0% -114.3 0.7 6,700 Fertilizer DCM 7,147 7.563 7% 665 55% 7.0% 11.0% 13.0 1.4 13,500 | Petrochemical | PVC | 409 | 2.167 | -4% | 25 | -37% | 1.0% | 1.0% | 56.8 | 0.7 | 8,600 |
| Mechanical PVY 143 369 7% -51 0% -7.0% 0.0% -2.8 -0.6 2,400 PMS 125 915 -16% 21 23% 7.0% 14.0% 6.6 0.9 17,300 Equipment supply PET 2.043 13.915 39% 143 12% 2.3% 8.2% 15.3 1.3 16,550 PEQ 199 657 -21% 15 -30% 9.0% 17.0% 15.7 2.7 40,000 PTV 134 408 -34% -0.2 -106% 0.0% -1.0% -114.3 0.7 6,700 Fertilizer DCM 7,147 7.563 7% 665 55% 7.0% 11.0% 13.0 1.4 13,500 | | PXS | 428 | 1.137 | 180% | 3 | -101% | 0.0% | 1.0% | 167.3 | 1.3 | 7,130 |
| PVY 143 369 7% -51 0% -7.0% 0.0% -2.8 -0.6 2,400 PMS 125 915 -16% 21 23% 7.0% 14.0% 6.6 0.9 17,300 Equipment supply PEQ 199 657 -21% 15 -30% 9.0% 17.0% 15.7 2.7 40,000 PTV 134 408 -34% -0.2 -106% 0.0% -1.0% -114.3 0.7 6,700 Fertilizer DCM 7,147 7.563 7% 665 55% 7.0% 11.0% 13.0 1.4 13,500 | Machanical | PVB | 406 | 695 | 82% | 61 | 62% | 8.0% | 14.0% | 6.9 | 1.0 | 18,800 |
| Equipment supply PET 2.043 13.915 39% 143 12% 2.3% 8.2% 15.3 1.3 16,550 PEQ 199 657 -21% 15 -30% 9.0% 17.0% 15.7 2.7 40,000 PTV 134 408 -34% -0.2 -106% 0.0% -1.0% -114.3 0.7 6,700 Fertilizer DCM 7,147 7.563 7% 665 55% 7.0% 11.0% 13.0 1.4 13,500 | Mechanical | PVY | 143 | 369 | 7% | -51 | 0% | -7.0% | 0.0% | -2.8 | -0.6 | 2,400 |
| Equipment supply PEQ 199 657 -21% 15 -30% 9.0% 17.0% 15.7 2.7 40,000 PTV 134 408 -34% -0.2 -106% 0.0% -1.0% -114.3 0.7 6,700 Fertilizer DCM 7,147 7.563 7% 665 55% 7.0% 11.0% 13.0 1.4 13,500 | | PMS | 125 | 915 | -16% | 21 | 23% | 7.0% | 14.0% | 6.6 | 0.9 | 17,300 |
| Supply PEQ 199 657 -21% 15 -30% 9.0% 17.0% 15.7 2.7 40,000 PTV 134 408 -34% -0.2 -106% 0.0% -1.0% -114.3 0.7 6,700 Fertilizer DCM 7,147 7.563 7% 665 55% 7.0% 11.0% 13.0 1.4 13,500 | F | PET | 2.043 | 13.915 | 39% | 143 | 12% | 2.3% | 8.2% | 15.3 | 1.3 | 16,550 |
| PTV 134 408 -34% -0.2 -106% 0.0% -1.0% -114.3 0.7 6,700 Fertilizer DCM 7,147 7.563 7% 665 55% 7.0% 11.0% 13.0 1.4 13,500 | • • | PEQ | 199 | 657 | -21% | 15 | -30% | 9.0% | 17.0% | 15.7 | 2.7 | 40,000 |
| , | | PTV | 134 | 408 | -34% | -0.2 | -106% | 0.0% | -1.0% | -114.3 | 0.7 | 6,700 |
| producer DPM 6.594 7,762 1% 703 81% 6.0% 8.0% 10.6 0.9 16,850 | Fertilizer | DCM | 7,147 | 7.563 | 7% | 665 | 55% | 7.0% | 11.0% | 13.0 | 1.4 | 13,500 |
| | producer | DPM | 6.594 | 7,762 | 1% | 703 | 81% | 6.0% | 8.0% | 10.6 | 0.9 | 16,850 |

Source: BSC Research



Appendix 04 – Evaluation of stocks from a technical analysis perspective for 2021

| Stock | Price 16/03/2021 | Forecast trough | Support 2 | Support 1 | Resistance 1 | Resistance 2 | Forecast peak | Upside |
|-------|---------------------|--------------------|-----------|-----------|--------------|--------------|------------------|--------|
| PVS | 23,700 | 17,040 | 19,270 | 22,450 | 26,500 | 30,960 | 33,730 | 42.3% |
| PVD | 23,550 | 16,510 | 18,820 | 22,110 | 26,300 | 30,920 | 33.780 | 43.4% |
| POS | 17,800 | 12,770 | 14,590 | 17,190 | 20,500 | 24,150 | 26,410 | 48.4% |
| PQN | 4,000 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| GAS | 90,300 | 73,690 | 78,960 | 86,450 | 96,000 | 106.530 | 113.040 | 25.2% |
| PVT | 18,000 | 12,970 | 14,570 | 16,850 | 19,750 | 22,950 | 24,930 | 38.5% |
| PVP | 14,700 | 10,050 | 11,520 | 13,630 | 16,300 | 19,250 | 21,070 | 43.3% |
| PJT | 12,550 | 10,620 | 11,230 | 12,100 | 13,200 | 14,420 | 15,170 | 20.9% |
| PDV | 5,200 | 3,560 | 4.220 | 4,750 | 5,280 | 6.040 | 7,000 | 34.6% |
| BSR | 16,000 | 10,850 | 12,320 | 14,420 | 17,100 | 20,050 | 21,880 | 36.8% |
| PLC | 30,000 | 20,600 | 23.290 | 27,120 | 32,000 | 37,380 | 40,710 | 35.7% |
| PLX | 57,800 | 46,290 | 49,430 | 53,900 | 59,600 | 65,880 | 69,770 | 20.7% |
| OIL | 14,300 | 11,150 | 12,410 | 14,210 | 16,500 | 19.030 | 20,590 | 44.0% |
| PSH | 20,000 | 14,330 | 16,700 | 19,070 | 20,540 | 21,730 | 22,910 | 14.6% |
| COM | 45,000 | 38,110 | 41,740 | 43,990 | 45,810 | 47,620 | 50,210 | 11.6% |
| POB | 14,000 | -4,750 | 4.140 | 13.020 | 18,520 | 22,970 | 27,410 | 95.8% |
| PPY | 15,400 | 7,960 | 9,720 | 12,560 | 15,410 | 17,170 | 18,590 | 20.7% |
| PGD | 30,800 | 25,870 | 27,600 | 29,340 | 31,800 | 34,950 | 38,420 | 24.7% |
| PGC | 19,000 | 14,420 | 15,890 | 17,360 | 19,450 | 22,100 | 25.040 | 31.8% |
| PGS | 21,500 | 16,230 | 17,810 | 19,390 | 21,640 | 24,500 | 27,660 | 28.7% |
| CNG | 26,400 | 22,240 | 23,410 | 25.080 | 27,200 | 29,540 | 30,990 | 17.4% |
| PVG | 10,800 | 8,650 | 9,320 | 10,280 | 11,500 | 12,850 | 13,680 | 26.7% |
| ASP | 7,620 | 6.190 | 6,630 | 7,250 | 8,050 | 8,930 | 9,470 | 24.3% |
| PVC | 10,800 | 7,980 | 9,000 | 10,450 | 12,300 | 14,340 | 15,600 | 44.4% |
| PXS | 7,600 | 5,650 | 6,440 | 7,570 | 9,000 | 10,580 | 11,560 | 52.1% |
| PVB | 19,300 | 13.020 | 15.020 | 17,020 | 19,870 | 23,500 | 27,500 | 42.5% |
| PVY | 2,400 | 2.020 | 2,150 | 2,280 | 2.460 | 2,700 | 2,960 | 23.3% |
| PMS | 19,300 | 14,070 | 15,310 | 17,060 | 19,300 | 21,770 | 23.290 | 20.7% |
| PET | 24,450 | 15,110 | 17,350 | 20,540 | 24,600 | 29,080 | 31,850 | 30.3% |
| PEQ | 46,000 | 36,650 | 39,800 | 44.290 | 50,000 | 56,300 | 60,200 | 30.9% |
| PTV | 7,000 | 4,800 | 5,450 | 6,100 | 7,020 | 8,200 | 9,500 | 35.7% |
| DCM | 16,350 | 11,120 | 12,580 | 14,660 | 17,300 | 20,220 | 22.020 | 34.7% |
| DPM | 18,700 | 14,620 | 15,830 | 17,550 | 19,750 | 22,180 | 23,680 | 26.6% |

Source: BSC Research



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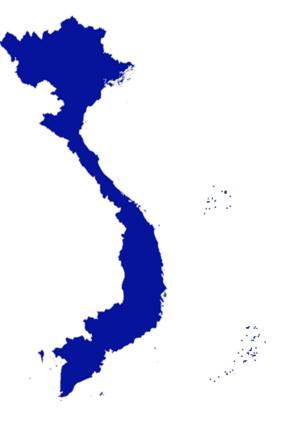
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